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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/588,705	08/08/2006	Markus Weinlander	2003P18371WOUS	2427
22116 SIEMENS COF	7590 02/19/200 RPORATION	EXAMINER		
INTELLECTU	AL PROPERTY DEPA	STITT, ERIK V		
ISELIN, NJ 088	/ENUE SOUTH 330		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/19/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Appl	Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		10/5	10/588,705 WEINLANDER,		INLANDER, M.	ARKUS			
Office Action Summary			niner	Art	Unit				
		Erik '	√. Stitt	217	4				
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this commu r Reply	nication appears o	n the cover shee	et with the corres	spondence ad	dress			
A SHO WHIC - Exten after t - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come period for reply is specified above, the maximum s e to reply within the set or extended period for reply sply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE O s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In munication. tatutory period will apply y will, by statute, cause the	F THIS COMMU no event, however, ma and will expire SIX (6) ne application to become	JNICATION. ay a reply be timely file MONTHS from the mane ABANDONED (35)	ed ailing date of this co U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status									
	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 06 August	2006						
'=	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 August 2006</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
′=		<i>'</i> —		natters proseci	ution as to the	e merits is			
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-30</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
'=	Claim(s)is/arc allowed.								
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
•	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or elect	ion requirement						
Application	on Papers								
9)□ -	The specification is objected to by th	ne Examiner.							
•			accepted or b)	objected to by	the Examine	r.			
•	10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 August 2006</u> is/are: a)☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:									
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
* 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
3	ee the attached detailed Office action	on for a list of the	certified copies	not received.					
Attachment	` '								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Page No(2) Mail Pate									
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application									
	No(s)/Mail Date <u>06 August 2006</u> .		· —	·					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Data structures not claimed as embodied in computer-readable media are descriptive material per se and are not statutory because they are not capable of causing functional change in the computer. See, e.g., Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1361, 31 USPQ2d at 1760 (claim to a data structure per se held nonstatutory). Such claimed data structures do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and other claimed aspects of the invention which permit the data structure's functionality to be realized. See MPEP 2106.01

2. Claims 13-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claims are directed towards non-statutory subject matter. Claims 1-15 claim a "device" that is entirely software. One option of putting the entirely software device on a physical thing would be to merely clarify the claim preamble for the independent claim 13, and explicitly describe that the software of claims 13-22 are executed by a computing device. This would clarify that the entirely software claims of 13-22 are not abstract.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claim 13, 16-25, 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by San Andres et al ("Andres", US 2002/0124082)

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Claim 13:

San Andres discloses a first and a second application (figure 3 shows a hierarchical resource explorer that allows a user to navigate different applications, further, the hierarchy can represent different on-line services or other content entities [abstract] a folder having a folder property processed by the first application (each hierarchical folder node (i.e., each application represented by a node) has a set of properties that are used to launch the particular application service for example [0008]) a folder icon representing the folder and displayed via the display mechanism (figure 3 shows how each folder node (i.e., each application represented by a node) has a icon) a first application link linked to the first application (figure 3 shows how each application has a root node link that links to that folder (i.e., the root node links to the properties and content for that particular application)) the link displayed via the display mechanism (figure 3 shows how the root node link is displayed for each application)

San Andres further discloses an object having an object property processed by the second application (folders have content objects [0084]) an object icon representing the object and displayed via the display mechanism (content objects of a folder have an icon [0084]) a second application link linked to the second application, the link displayed via the display mechanism (figure 3 shows how each application has a root node link that links to that folder (i.e., the root node links to the properties and content for that particular application)) and a folder selection mechanism for displaying a content of the folder (figure 3 shows how each folder node (i.e., each application represented by a

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node) has a icon) wherein the first application is selected via the fist application link, wherein the second application is selected via the second application link (figure 3 shows how each application has a root node link that links to that folder (i.e., the root node links to the properties and content for that particular application) and wherein the folder includes an element selected from the group consisting of a further folder, the object, and

combinations thereof (folders have content objects [0084])

Claim 16:

San Andres discloses that structured data is structured in the form of a tree structure (figure 3 shows a hierarchical tree)

Claim 17:

San Andres discloses that a display of the first application link is displayed on a same logical level as the folder icon (figure 3 shows how the content link is displayed with an icon and the name of the folder)

Claim 18:

San Andres discloses that the display of first application link includes an icon (figure 3 shows how the content link is displayed with an icon and the name of the folder)

Claim 19:

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San Andres discloses a display of the first application link is included in the display of

the folder content (figure 3 shows how the name of the selected application folder is

displayed along with the contents of the folder (e.g., Categories (US))

Claim 20 is similar in scope to claim 15, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 21:

San Andres discloses a selection mechanism; and a textual information for the first

application, wherein the textual information is displayed when the selection mechanism is

in a proximity of the first link (figure 3 shows how the name of the selected application

folder is displayed along with the contents of the folder (e.g., Categories (US) when the

user selects the folder (i.e., is in a proximity to the folder))

Claim 22:

San Andres discloses that the textual information is dependent on the position of a

display element positioned on a display area of the display mechanism (figure 3 shows

how the name of the selected application folder is displayed along with the contents of

the folder (e.g., Categories (US) when the user selects the folder (i.e., is in a proximity to

the folder))

Claim 23 is similar in scope to claim 1, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 24-25 are similar in scope to claims 16-17, and are therefore rejected under similar

rationale.

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Claim 27-29 are similar in scope to claims 21-22, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 14, 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over San Andres et al ("Andres", US 2002/0124082) in view of Yeung et al. ("Yeung", 7, 171, 468).

Claim 14:

San Andres discloses that each folder node has a set of folder properties (e.g., each node can have a property that is used to launch components for that application) [0008], and using the Windows Explorer to access the hierarchical content [0080]. San Andres does not explicitly disclose that the folder properties are copyable. However, Yeung is analogous art that also describes using the Windows Explorer to access hierarchical content [figure 18]. It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine San Andres with Yeung, because Yeung discloses that the Windows Explorer

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allows a user to select and copy a folder [Col 4 57-58] so that a user can paste the item to an alternate location using the cut-and-paste tools [figure 60].

Claim 26 is similar in scope to claim 14, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

6. Claims 15, 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over San Andres et al ("Andres", US 2002/0124082) in view of Gilkas et al. ("Gilkas", 7, 017,

121).

Claim 15:

San Andres discloses using the Windows 95 Explorer [0080]. San Andres does not explicitly disclose that the element is generated during the configuration of an industrial automation system. However, Windows is a widely known operating system that can be used in a variety of industries, and elements within the Windows Explorer hierarchical tree can be applications corresponding to a variety of industries. Gilkas is analogous art that also describes using a hierarchical tree in the Windows 95 Explorer [Col 4 49-52]. It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine San Andres with Gilkas, because Gilkas discloses that hierarchical trees like Windows Explorer can be used in an industrial automation system [Col 1 7-10], because industrial automation applications have specific software components that need to be organized [Col 1 44-46].

Claim 30 is similar in scope to claim 15, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

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Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Erik V. Stitt whose telephone number is (571)270-5064. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 9:00 AM - 7:00 PM EST.

If attempts to reach t xaminer by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Hong can be reached on (571)272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

EVS 2/07/2009

/Peng Ke/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2174